Virginia Respiratory Disease and Monkeypox Data Update

January 19, 2022

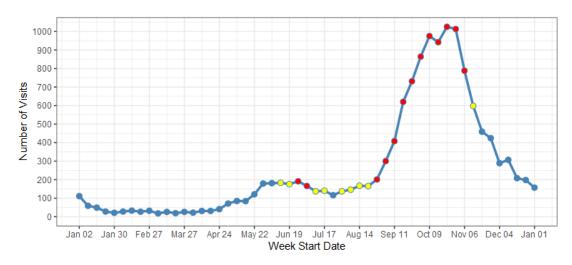


well-being of all people in Virginia.

*Diagnosed Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)			
12/18 - 12/24 (MMWR Week 51)			
201 visits	198 visits	157 (-21%)	

Data is from the week of Jan. 1 – Jan. 7, 2023. Percent change is from week prior

Weekly ED and Urgent Care Visits with Diagnosed RSV 01/02/22 - 01/07/23



 Nationally, RSV hospitalization rates nationally decreased from 1.6 to 1.1 per 100k, during the week ending 01/07

Source:

VDH Weekly Respiratory Disease Surveillance Report. Percentage change is calculated off prior week's visits. Data are preliminary and subject to change. RSV Net: https://www.cdc.gov/rsv/research/rsv-net/dashboard.html

*Influenza-Like Illness (Excluding Diagnosed COVID-19) ED and Urgent Care Visits			
12/18 - 12/24 (MMWR Week 51)	12/25 - 12/31 (<i>MMWR Week 52</i>)	01/01 – 01/07 (MMWR Week 1)	
5,338	5,028	4,139 (-18%)	

Data is from the week of Jan. 1 – Jan. 7, 2023. Percent change is from week prior

Weekly ED and Urgent Care Visits for ILI Excluding Diagnosed COVID-19 01/02/22 - 01/07/23



 Virginia reported 4.4 % of all ED and urgent care visits were for ILI, during the week ending 01/07

 Largest proportion of ILI visits were seen in the 0-4 years of age group with 12.4% of all visits

^{*} RSV - ED and urgent care visits that include RSV in the discharge diagnosis (not necessarily confirmed cases)

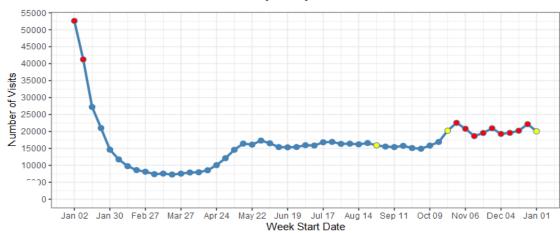
^{*} ILI - ED and urgent care visits with a chief complaint of 'flu' or fever + sore throat/cough. **Visits with diagnosed COVID-19 are excluded**.

*COVID-Like Illness ED and Urgent Care Visits			
12/18 - 12/24 (MMWR Week 51)	12/25 - 12/31 (MMWR Week 52)	01/01 – 01/07 (MMWR Week 1)	
19,465	22,126	20,035 (-9%)	

Data is from the week of Jan. 1- Jan. 7, 2023. Percent change is from week prior

*CLI - ED visits noting symptoms of fever + respiratory complaint (e.g. fever with cough, shortness of breath, or difficulty breathing), loss of taste or smell, those with a coronavirus or severe respiratory diagnosis, or visits that mention COVID-19 as the reason for visit.

Weekly ED and Urgent Care Visits for COVID-Like Illness, VA, 01/02/22 - 01/07/23



*Source: CDC COVID Data Tracker, VDH COVID-19 Dashboard

VDH Weekly Respiratory Disease Surveillance Report. Percentage change is calculated off updated case numbers from week prior.

For the week ending Jan 7, 2023, MMWR week 1:

- * Compared to last week:
 - Weekly case rate decreased 10% at 148 per 100K
 - Hospital Census Data shows an increase of 28% to 1163 average beds in use for COVID-19
 - The number of deaths reported for this week is 14 (confirmed & probable)

COVID-19 Hospital Census Trends Virginia, July 2022 – January 2022

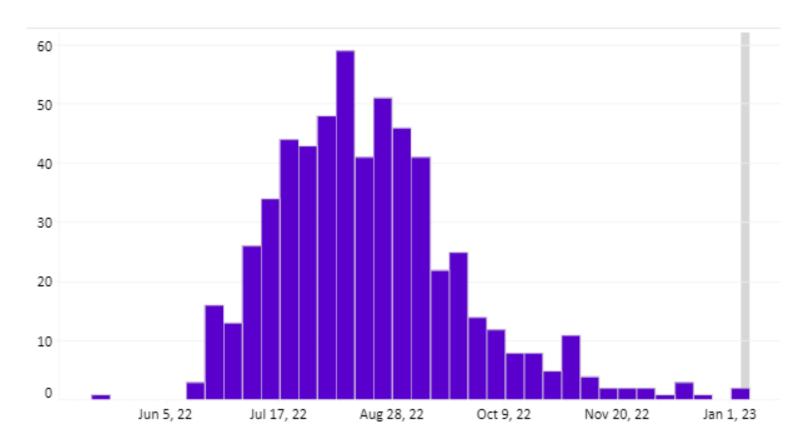






^{*}Data comparisons: Wednesday-Wednesday

Epi Curve of Mpox Cases (5/2022 - 1/2023)



Total Cases	568
Hospitalizations	30
Deaths	2

Mpox Cases By Age and Sex (as of 1/18/2023)

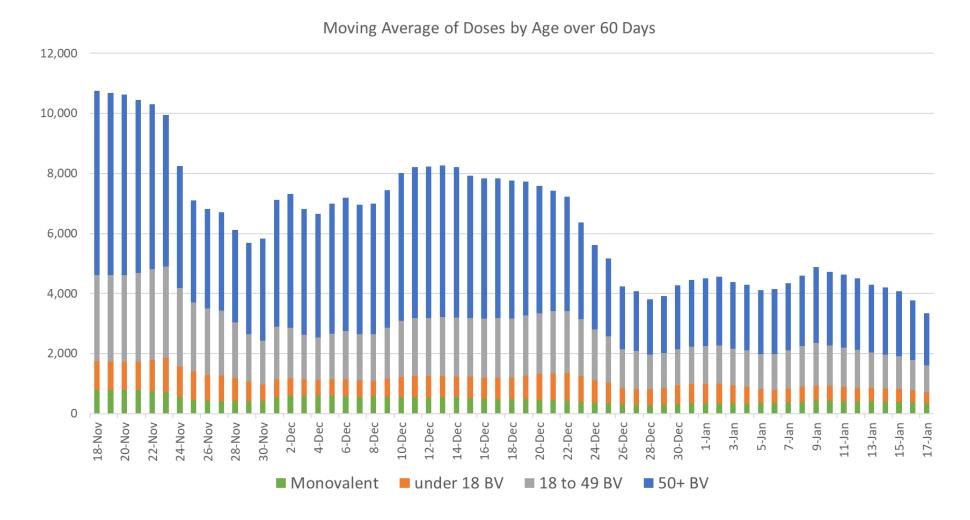
Age Group	Cases
0-9 Years	0 (0.0%)
10-14 Years	1 (0.2%)
15-19 Years	14 (2.5%)
20-29 Years	208 (36.6%)
30-39 Years	225 (39.6%)
40-49 Years	83 (14.6%)
50-59 Years	32 (5.6%)
60-69 Years	3 (0.5%)
70+ Years	2 (0.4%)
Sex	
Female	31 (5.5%)
Male	537 (94.5%)

^{*}Data represent investigations with notifications submitted in VEDSS.



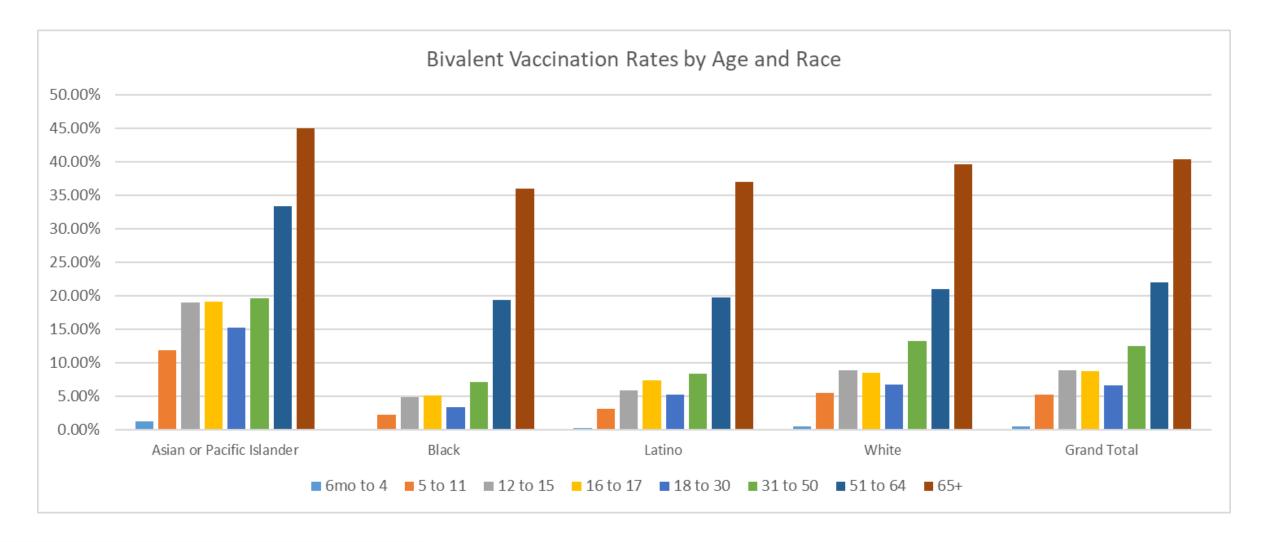
Virginia: Monovalent vs Bivalent Vaccination over the prior 60 days

- There have been 1,388,960 Bivalent Covid-19 Vaccine Doses Administered so far
- 91.3% of doses have been Bivalent so far in January

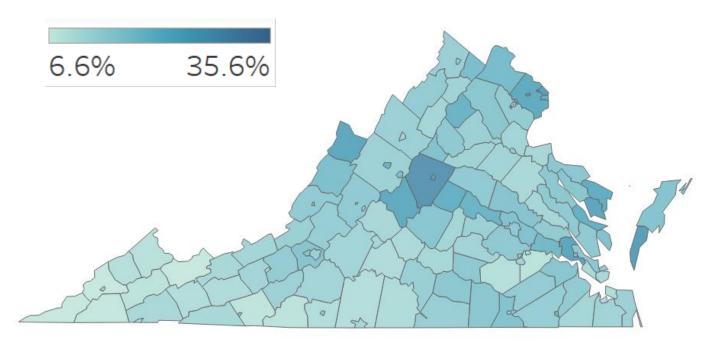


Virginia: Bivalent Vaccination Uptake by Race/Ethnicity and Age

- 40.4% of the total 65+ population has received a bivalent booster, outpacing 2nd booster uptake at a similar stage
- 41% of bivalent vaccines has gone to 65+, as this age group is far outpacing other ages for uptake



Percent of the Total Population with Bivalent Booster by Locality

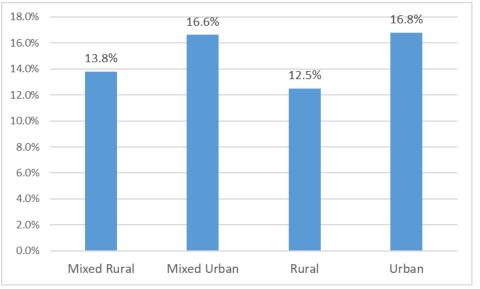


- 73.7% of the Total Population is Fully Vaccinated
- 16.3% of the Total Population has a Bivalent Booster
- 23.3% of the Eligible Population has a Bivalent Booster
- Virginia is 16th in the nation in Bivalent Booster uptake

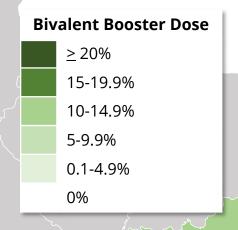
Vaccination Rates by Region

Health Region	Fully Vaccinated	Change
Central	64.7%	0.0%
Eastern	60.7%	0.0%
Northern	76.9%	0.0%
Northwest	62.4%	0.0%
Southwest	54.9%	0.0%

Bivalent Uptake by Urban / Rural



Virginia and Neighbors: Vaccination Rates



	One Dose*	Fully Vax*	Bivalent Booster**
Nationwide	80.9%	69.1%	14.9%
D.C.	95.0%	89.9%	27.8%
Kentucky	68.7%	59.5%	11.3%
Maryland	91.5%	79.5%	21.8%
North Carolina	91.8%	66.9%	13.5%
Tennessee	64.3%	56.2%	9.2%
Virginia**	90.7%	76.4%	18.9%
West Virginia	67.4%	59.6%	10.6%
*Total population, includes out-of-state vaccinations			
**Parcent of fully vaccinated poople with a booster dose			

^{***}Differs from previous slide because all vaccination sources are included

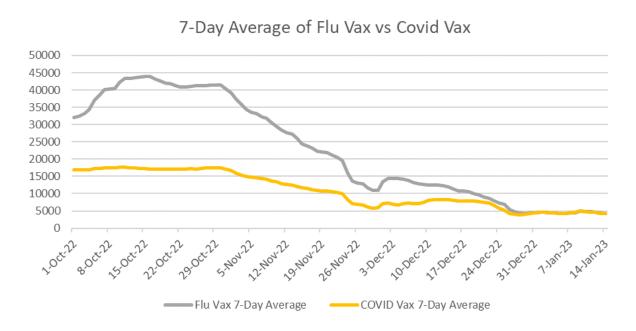
Ranks	Fully Vax %	0-4 First Dose %	5-11 First Dose %	Bivalent Booster %
Kentucky	#38	#37	#40	#37
Maryland	#8	#6	#5	#8
North Carolina	#23	#27	#24	#31
Tennessee	#46	#41	#45	#46
Virginia	#10	#11	#7	#16
West Virginia	#37	#46	#46	#39

Source: https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#vaccinations

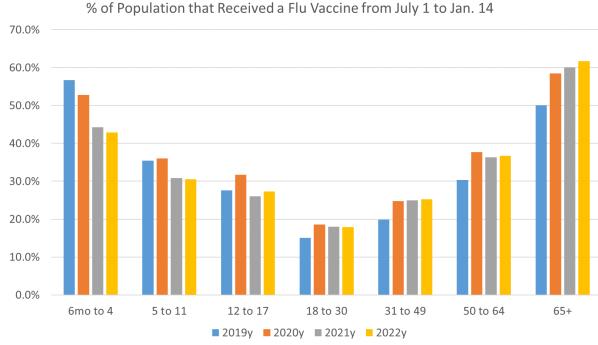
^{**}Percent of fully vaccinated people with a booster dose

Virginia: Flu Vaccine Update

- Flu Vaccinations have roughly followed a similar pattern to Covid Vaccinations since September 1st, with a noticeable decline over the Thanksgiving and Christmas holidays
- There have been 2.9 million Flu Vaccine doses administered (34% of the Total Population) since July 1st, 2022, which is very similar to the prior Flu season and higher than pre-pandemic.
- Children ages 0-11 are trailing previous years vaccination rates.





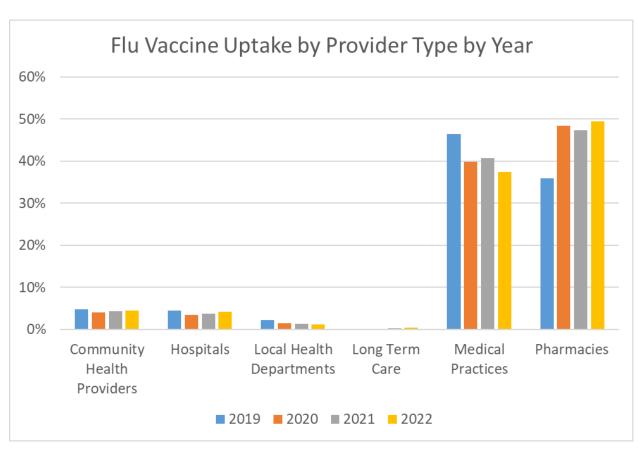


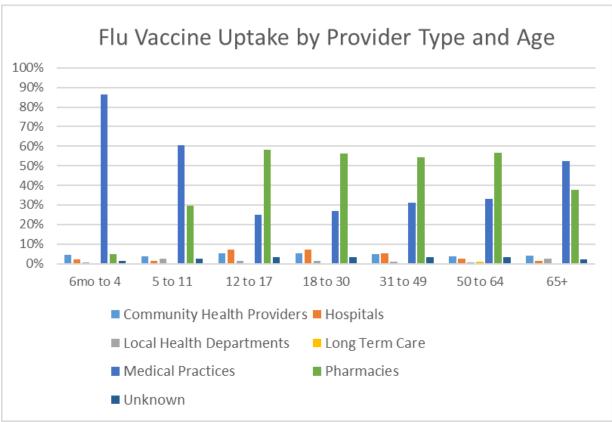
Source: VDH Vaccine Summary



Virginia: Flu Vaccine Uptake by Provider Type

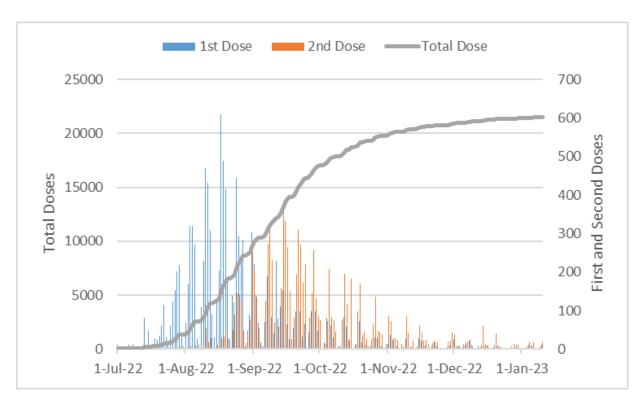
- Of the known data, pharmacies are administering a higher percent of vaccinations in recent years
- A vast majority of the Vaccinations in younger children are performed in Medical Practices

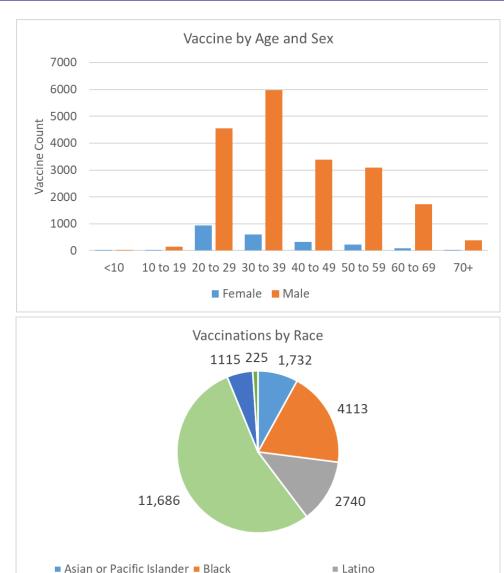




Virginia: JYNNEOS Administration Demographics

- Vaccinations have been slowing, with 103 doses administered last week out of the total 21,611 doses since July 1st.
- 89.5% of Vaccines Administered have been to Males
- 56.4% of Vaccines Administered have in the Northern Region
- The White Population accounts for 57.0% of Vaccinations by Race where data is available





Other / Unknown

White





■ Latino

Native American